

## TRANSPORTABLE PHOTOGRAPHIC BOOTH

The present invention relates to portable equipment for taking identification photographs, capable of being mounted on a wall or on the container used for carrying it.

The increasing demand for security in present-day society makes personal identification apparatus ever more necessary. Particularly as a result of well-known phenomena of migration, persons detained for routine identification are increasingly often found to possess no documents. This makes it necessary to take identification photographs of detained persons.

It is known that there are central police offices for personal identification, in which identification photographs are also taken, but these are not sufficient to carry out the vast quantity of work required of them, this work also entailing the transport of detained persons to these central offices.

To resolve this problem, one object of the invention is to provide reliable and easily operated equipment for taking identification photographs.

Another object of the present invention is to provide equipment for taking identification photographs which is easily transportable to places where it is required, and can also be used in a fixed location.

Another object of the invention is to enable identification photographs to be taken without the need for closed environments.

A further object of the invention is to permit the very rapid dismantling and reassembly of equipment for taking identification photographs.

What is provided according to the present invention is portable equipment for taking identification photographs, capable of being

mounted on a wall or on the container used for carrying it, the equipment comprising:

- a vertically extending base, provided with a bracket for connection to a support frame and having a prismatic pair, with a longitudinal guide integral with the base and a sliding block which is slidable upwards and downwards by vertical movement means under the control of limit switches,
- a motor unit, fixed to the base and comprising motor means and means of transmitting the motion to the means for the vertical movement of the sliding block along the guide,
- an upright fixed on the sliding block and provided with an ultrasonic height meter;
- a horizontally extending frame supported by the upright and in turn supporting:
- sheet holders and corresponding vertical background sheets for a posing space, of which two lateral sheets are positioned opposite each other, each having a central aperture, and a third, rear sheet is positioned orthogonally with respect to the first two sheets;
- at least three digital video cameras, with corresponding lamps for illumination, namely a front video camera opposite the third cloth and two lateral video cameras passing through the corresponding central apertures of the two lateral cloths, the at least three video cameras being aimed toward the posing space for simultaneously photographing the face of a subject frontally and in profile from both sides, and for recording it in three instantaneous images in digital form;
- a control device, comprising a microprocessor connected for operation via a control card to the motor means, the limit sensors, the ultrasonic height gauge, the illuminating lamps of the video cameras and the video cameras themselves, and connected to an operating device for taking, selecting and storing the identification photographs.

The present invention will now be described with reference to its embodiments, with reference to the figures of the attached drawing, in which:

Figure 1 shows a schematic side view of an embodiment of the equipment fixed by means of a frame to a fixed wall;

Figure 2 shows a schematic perspective view of the embodiment of the equipment mounted on its carrying container;

Figure 3 shows a plan view from the above of the equipment of Figure 2;

Figure 4 shows a front view, taken in the direction of the arrow F, of the equipment of Figure 2, with parts shown as transparent for convenience of description;

Figure 5 shows a schematic functional block diagram of the equipment according to the present invention;

Figure 6 shows a perspective view of the closed container of the equipment;

Figure 7 shows a schematic front view of the equipment partially dismantled and housed in the case of its portable container; and

Figure 8 shows a schematic front view of the equipment partially dismantled, the remainder of the equipment being housed in a lid of the portable container shown in Figure 7.

With reference to the drawings, Figures 1 and 2 show a first embodiment of the equipment, mounted, respectively, on a wall (shown in a side view), and on its carrying container (shown in perspective). In the illustration, the number 1 indicates a vertically extending base, 2 indicates a motor unit, 3 indicates an upright, and 4 indicates a horizontally extending frame for holding video cameras and background sheets to form a posing space.

As shown also with reference to Figures 3 and 4, which are, respectively, a plan view from above and a front view of the equipment according to

the invention mounted on its container, the vertically extending base 1 is in the shape of a flattened parallelepiped. As shown in Figure 1, the base 1 has a face 10 to which is fixed a connecting bracket 11 for a support frame 12 on a wall P.

Alternatively, as shown in Figures 2 to 4, the base 1 is fixed by means of the connecting bracket 11 to a support frame 13 (shown more clearly in Figure 2) forming part of the structure of a container 5 of the equipment.

The connecting bracket 11, essentially shaped in the form of the character  $\Omega$ , to create a space between the base and the support frame, can be mounted very rapidly by means of knurled screws 15.

The base 1 has narrow vertical sides 16, on which corresponding guides 17, of the dovetail type for example, are mounted. The base 1 also has a front face 18 on which a movement device 6 for the upright 3 is mounted, as explained below.

The motor unit 2 is integral with the base 1, as shown more clearly in Figures 2 and 4. The motor unit 2 contains an electric motor (not shown) whose shaft 20 projects toward the front. A belt 21 runs round a pulley 22 keyed on the shaft 20 and round a pulley 23, having a greater diameter than the pulley 22, keyed on a shaft 24 mounted on said motor unit 2.

A pulley 60 of the movement device of the upright 3 is mounted on said shaft 24, at the opposite end to the pulley 23.

A toothed belt 61 is made to run round the pulley 60 and round a pulley 62 mounted on an upper part of the base 1.

A sliding block 63 is fixed on one side of the toothed belt 61 in such a way that it moves upwards and downwards with the belt, according to the direction of rotation of the motor shaft 20 of the motor unit 2. The movement of the sliding block 63 is controlled by limit switches 64 and

65 (shown schematically in Figure 2).

As shown in Figure 3, the sliding block 63 has prismatic elements 66 engaging with the dovetail guides 17 of the base 1.

The base of the upright 3 is fixed to the sliding block 63. The upright 3, fixed to the sliding block 63, preferably consists of two parallel tubular elements 30 and 31, held together by the sliding block 63 and by at least one other similar interconnecting element 32.

Additional tubular extension elements 33 and 34 (Figures 2 and 4) can be inserted into the tubular elements 30 and 31, the additional elements being interconnected by a top cap 35, fixed with knurled screws 36 and 37 to the tubular elements 33 and 34. An ultrasonic height meter of a conventional type is fixed on the upright.

A first video camera 7 is fixed on the top cap 35 by means of a rear support 70, with the aid of knurled screws indicated in a general way by 71.

The top cap 35 has opposing orthogonal connectors 38 and 39 into which are inserted first arms 40 and 41 of the horizontally extending frame 4. The arms 40 and 41 are made individually in the form of a pair of tubular elements inserted into the opposing connectors 38 and 39 of the top cap 35 and retained there by means of knurled screws, indicated in a general way by 42.

At the ends of the arms 40 and 41 there are mounted connectors, indicated in a general way by 43, for angular connection to corresponding second arms 44 and 45, orthogonal to the first arms, of the horizontal frame 4. The ends of the arms 44 and 45 hold corresponding video cameras, namely a second video camera 72 and a third video camera 73, positioned vertically and fixed with knurled screws 71. The video cameras 72 and 73 are the side video cameras.

The second arms 44 and 45 of the frame 4 support sheet holders, indicated in a general way by 8, and corresponding vertical background sheets, indicated by 90, 91 and 92 respectively, to form a parallelepipedal posing space indicated by 9 in Figures 2 to 4, within which the person's face must be positioned for the identification photograph.

Each sheet holder 8 comprises at least one pair of facing top bars 80 and 81, supported by pairs of vertical angled rods, indicated in a general way by 82 and 83. The lower ends of the angled rods 82 and 83 are inserted in corresponding holes formed in the lateral arms 44 and 45 and their upper ends are inserted in through holes indicated in a general way by 84.

Simple elastic clamping means (not shown in the drawing) for the sheets are provided on the pairs of bars. Each sheet has upper supporting rods 93 and lower stretching rods 94. The rods can pass through slots formed in the upper and lower edges of the sheets.

The central sheet 90 is positioned in front of the video camera 70, and preferably has an elongated upper rod 93 which can rest on the free ends of the bars 80 and 81 to form a link between them. The two side sheets 91 and 92 have their upper rods 93 gripped in a parallel configuration by the elastic clamps of the corresponding side bars 80 and 81.

The side sheets 91 and 92 are provided with central apertures, through which the front parts of the side video cameras 72 and 73 pass.

The video cameras 7, 72 and 73 are digital video cameras, provided with corresponding illuminating lamps. The video cameras are aimed toward the posing space 9, and can photograph the face of a subject simultaneously from the front and in profile from both sides. The three images, in digital form, are recorded at the same instant and stored.

With reference to Figure 5, this shows a block diagram indicating the general outlines of the operating connections. In this figure, the number 100 indicates the whole of a control device, preferably installed in the motor unit of the equipment and comprising a microprocessor (block 101) connected for operation by means of a control card to the motor (block 102), the limit switches 64 and 65 (block 103), the ultrasonic height meter (block 104), the video camera illumination lamps (block 105) and the central video camera (block 105) and side video cameras (blocks 106 and 107). The control device is connected to an operating device (block 109) of a known type for taking, selecting and storing the identification photographs.

When the equipment according to the invention is to be installed where a fixed supporting structure cannot be used, its container acts as a pedestal as shown clearly in the figures. The container 5, which has rigid walls and is easily transportable, has a case 50 and a lid 51 on which the base 1 is removably fixed. The lid 51 is joined to the case 50 by means of what are known as gas springs, and the two parts have feet 53 on their adjacent narrow sides 54 and 55. When closed, the container of the equipment appears as shown in Figure 6.

Reference will now be made to Figures 7 and 8, which are front views of the case 50 and lid 51 of the portable container 5, with the equipment housed inside it. The upright extensions 33 and 34, the corresponding top cap 35 in one of its variant designs, with corresponding screws 36 and 37, the sheet support bars 8, the rolled-up sheets 90, 91 and 92, the video cameras 7, 71 and 72, the upright frame arms 40 and 41 in a single tube version, a horizontal arm 70 for the central video camera, and smaller upright extensions 58 and 59 are housed on suitable horizontal racks 56 and 57 in the case 50.

Additional feet 110, 110, which can be opened by means of hinged arms 111, 111 about their fixing bracket 112 to extend the lid support area, are shown in the lid 51. The arms 111 are retained by corresponding stops 113, 113. Holders for the side arms of the frame 44 and 45, the

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upper sheet support bars 80 and 81, and auxiliary cables in an envelope 114 are stored in the lid 51. The base 1 and the motor unit 2 are fixed on the support frame as indicated in outline by the broken lines.